

# High Tech Crime Investigations for Supervisors

## COURSE OUTLINE

Course Length 4 hours

- I. Introduction
  - A. Purpose
    - 1. To provide basic training to police supervisors to better understand, identify and lead the investigations of high technology crimes.
  - B. Attendees Expectations
    - 1. Upon completion, personnel will have a working understanding of what constitutes a high tech crime, how technology is used in conventional crimes, and discuss evidentiary and legal issues with technology in criminal investigations.
    - 2. Personnel will have the ability to successfully define and identify a high tech crime and lead the investigation of it. They will also understand how technology is used in conventional crimes.
  
- II. What is a high tech crime?
  - A. Background and Introduction
    - 1. Background of technology and the Internet
      - a. What is the Internet?
      - b. Where did it come from?
      - c. Technology crime evolution
      - d. IP Numbers and other new terms
    - 2. What are high tech crimes?
      - a. Hacking and intrusions
      - b. Phishing and fraud
      - c. Child porn trafficking
  
- III. Search and Seizure Issues
  - A. Search Warrants
    - 1. IP search warrant
    - 2. E-mail search warrants
    - 3. Computer search warrants
    - 4. Technical considerations
  - B. Seizure of High Tech Equipment
    - 1. What to take
    - 2. What to look for
    - 3. Evidence collection and handling
    - 4. Legal Issues
    - 5. Computer forensics overview
  
- IV. Internet Crimes Against Children (ICAC)

- A. Overview of ICAC
  - 1. What it is
  - 2. What is Pasadena's connection?
  - 3. How are cases handled in ICAC?
  - 4. What resources are available to public and law enforcement
  
- V. Conclusion and ties to Conventional Crimes
  - A. Technological connection to conventional crimes
    - 1. Computer use in other crimes
    - 2. Researching video and similar evidence
  - B. Conclusion
    - 1. Future considerations
    - 2. Questions and conclusion